Display-Storage Tube

Writing

"RUGGEDIZED" TYPE
ONE WRITING GUN
ONE VIEWING GUN

General:

5" - DIAMETER BULB 308" - DIAMETER DISPLAY INTEGRAL MAGNETIC SHIELD

Viewing

For Military and Commercial Information-Handling Displays Where Tube May Be Subjected to Severe Environmental Conditions

DATA

	Section	Section	
Heater, for Unipotential			
Cathode:			
Voltage (AC or DC)	$6.3 \pm 5\%$	6.3 ± 5%	volts
Current at 6.3 volts	0.6	0.6	amp
Cathode Heating Time (Minimum)			
before other electrode volt-		00	
ages are applied	-	60	sec
Direct Interelectrode			
Capacitances:			
Grid No.1 to all other electrodes	6.5	11	pf
Cathode to all other	0.5	11	ρı
electrodes	5.5	8	pf
Backplate to all other	J. J	Ü	ρ,
electrodes	1	16	рf
Deflecting electrode			
DJ1 to deflecting elec-			
trode DJ2	1	.9	pf
Deflecting electrode			
DJ3 to deflecting elec-			_
trode DJ4		2 6 7	pf
DJ1 to all other electrodes .		6	pf
DJ2 to all other electrodes.		/ 5	p f
DJ3 to all other electrodes.	4		pf
DJ4 to all other electrodes.		.8	pf ostatic
Focusing Method Deflection Method			
Deflecting-Electrode		Liectic	<i>J</i> Static
Arrangement	See Di	mensional (Jutline
Phosphor			
Minimum Useful Viewing Diameter ^a .			
			/

Maximum Overall Length

Maximum Seated Length .

Maximum Diameter

Weight (Approx.). .

13.64"

12.89"

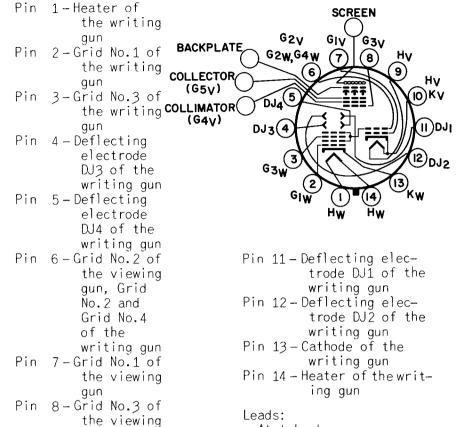
. 5-1/2 lbs

(JEDEC Group 5, No.B14-38)

. . . Medium-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin

(Excluding encapsulated screen lead). . .

BOTTOM VIEW



At tube base— Collector (Grid No.5 of viewing gun)—red wire Collimator (Grid No.4

of viewing gun) green wire Backplate—violet wire

Encapsulated Lead: Screen Connector

Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

gun

gun

gun

cathode

viewina

of the

Pin 10 - Heater and

Pin

9-Heater of

the viewing

All voltages are shown with respect to the cathode of the viewing gununless otherwise specified.

Minimum Maximum

olts
olts
olts
olts
olts



	Minimum	Maximum	
Collimator (Viewing-Grid No.4) Voltage	0 10	100 50	volts volts
Voltage ^b	115 -200	135 0	volts volts
Voltage	-125 -200	125 200	volts volts
trode Voltage ^b	-500 0 -200 -2750	500 1200 e 145	volts volts volts volts
Writing-Gun Heater-to-Cathode Voltage	-125	125	volts
(Unbypassed) in Screen Circuit. Series Current-Limiting Resistor (Unbypassed) in Collector	1	-	megohm
(Viewing-Grid-No.5) Circuit Recommended Operating Values:	0.005	_	megohm
All voltages are shown with rode of the viewing gun unless of			
Screen Voltage		3 <i>pec ij teu</i> 000	volts
Backplate Voltage Collector (Viewing-Grid-No.5)		2 150	volts
Voltage		0 90	volts
Viewing-Grid-No.3 Voltage ^e Viewing-Grid-No.2 Voltage ^b	10 t	o 40 125	volts volts
Viewing-Grid-No.1 Voltage ^e Viewing-Gun Cathode	At	to 0 ground po ground po	volts tential otential
Writing-Grid-No.3 Voltage ⁹ Writing-Grid-No.1 Voltage	-1650 t	o-1250 h	
Writing-Gun Cathode Average Deflecting Plate Voltage. Circuit Values:	-20	000 112	volts volts
Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance (either gun)		1 max.	megohm
Resistance in any Deflecting Electrode Circuit ^j Backplate-Circuit Resistance. Series Current-Limiting Resistor		.01 max. 005 max.	megohm megohm
(Unbypassed) in Screen Circuit. Series Current-Limiting Resistor (Unbypassed) in Collector		1	megohm
(Viewing Grid-No.5) Circuit	0.0	005	megohm

Performance Data and Characteristics:

	Min.	Ty p.	Max.	
Useful Viewing Diametera	3.8	_	_	inches
Luminance (Bright-				
ness) k	1000	1900	-	footlamberts
Viewing Duration	20	-		seconds
Erasing Time ^m	8	_	50	milliseconds
Undeflected Spot				
Position ⁿ		_	10	millimeters
Deflection Factors:				
DJ1 & DJ2	72	81	90	volts/inch
DJ3 & DJ4	70	82	90	volts/inch

Environmental Tests:

The 2053 is designed to withstand the following environmental tests:

Vibration parallel to each of the three orthogonal axes and as specified in the schedule below. Two concurrent survey cycles each having a duration of 15 minutes are taken for each axis. The frequency is first changed from 5 to 54 and back to 5 cycles per second and then from 54 to 500 and back to 54 cycles per second. The frequencies of all resonant points are noted.

Double Amplitude in inches	Acceleration in g's	Frequency in cps	Sweep Duration in minutes (Approx.)
0.080	_	5 to 54	7.5
0.080	_	54 to 5	7.5
	8	54 to 80	1.5
-	2	80 to 500	6.0
-	2	500 to 80	6.0
_	8	80 to 54	1.5

Resonance for one minute at the resonant point determined in *Vibration* for which resonance is most severe. If no resonant points are observed in *Vibration*, the 2053 is vibrated for one minute at a frequency of 50 cycles per second.

Shock — **Non-Destructive** consisting of three impact shocks in both directions of the three orthogonal axes. Each impact shock has a peak acceleration of 15 g's and a time duration of 11 milliseconds.

Shock — **Destructive** consisting of three impact shocks in both directions of the three orthogonal axes. Each impact shock has a peak acceleration of 30 g's and a time duration of 11 milliseconds. Following this destructive shock test, the tube need not be operable and any degree of internal destruction is permissible. However, no destruction or cracking of the tube faceplate is permitted and all internal parts must remain within the magnetic shield.



Fatigue consisting of vibration for 32 hours in each of the three orthogonal axes. A vibration frequency of 25 cps is employed with an amplitude of 0.040" (total excursion 0.080"). Each tube is vibrated for a total of 96 hours.

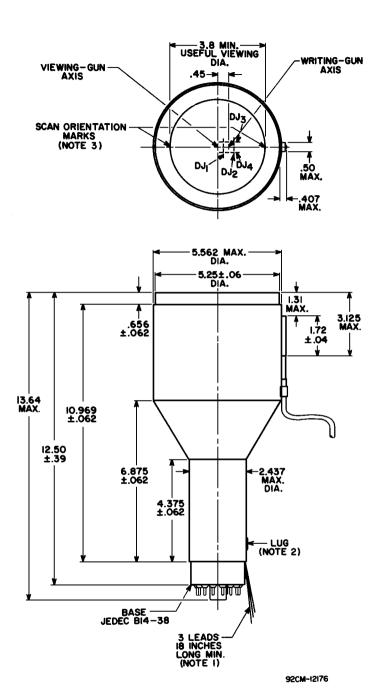
- The minimum useful viewing area may not be concentric with respect to the tube face.
- Grids No. 4 and No. 2 of Writing Gun and grid No. 2 of Viewing Gun are connected within the tube.
- c Voltages are shown with respect to cathode of Writing Gun.
- d
 The writing-gun grid No.1 should never be more positive than necessary to write the display to saturated brightness for a given scanning and drive condition. In no case should the writing-gun grid No.1 voltage have a value greater than zero with respect to the writing-gun cathode.
- e Adjusted for brightest, most uniform, full-size pattern.
- [†] The integral magnetic shield should be grounded to eliminate shock hazard.
- Adjusted for the smallest, most circular spot.
- The bias-voltage value for writing-beam cutoff is between -54 and -92 volts with respect to writing-gun cathode.
- Recommended value for minimum distortion because of viewing-beam collection by the deflecting plates. Where strict display accuracy and display uniformity are not required, the resistance value for any deflecting-electrode circuit may be as high as 0.1 megohm maximum. For optimum performance, it is recommended that the deflecting electrodecircuit impedances be approximately equal.
- k Luminance (Brightness) is measured after the entire display is written to saturated brightness, the writing gun has been turned off, and with no erasing pulse applied.
- The time required for any 1.5-inch diameter area of the useful 3.8-inch diameter viewing area to spontaneously rise (with no writing or erasing) from zero brightness (viewing-beam cutoff) to 10% of saturated brightness.
- Apply a single pulse having an amplitude of 9 volts to the backplate. Erasing time is defined as the shortest duration of such a pulse that will completely erase a full 3.8-inch diameter area display.
- The undeflected spot position must fall within a circle having a 5/16-inch radius (maximum), 0.2-inch from the geometric center of the tube face, on the radius passing through the center of the screen terminal.
- The magnetic shield is normally connected to the viewing-gun cathode which is at ground potential.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

To prevent possible damage to the tube, allow the viewinggun beam current to reach normal operating value before turning on the writing-gun beam current, and keep the viewing beam on till the writing beam is turned off.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THIS TYPE, WRITE FOR TECHNICAL BULLETIN AND PUBLICATION ICE-277, "RCA DISPLAY-STORAGE TUBES" AVAILABLE FROM:

Commercial Engineering Electronic Components and Devices Radio Corporation of America Harrison, New Jersey



DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

NOTE 1: RED LEAD IS FOR CONNECTION TO COLLECTOR (VIEWING GRID No.5); GREEN LEAD IS FOR CONNECTION TO COLLIMATOR (VIEW-ING GRID No.4); VIOLET LEAD IS FOR CONNECTION TO BACKPLATE.

NOTE 2: SOLDER LUG FOR GROUNDING MAGNETIC SHIELD.

NOTE 3: SCAN ORIENTATION MARKS ARE PARALLEL TO TRACE PRODUCED BY DEFLECTING PLATES DJI AND DJ2.